22nd World Energy Markets Observatory: Climate Change

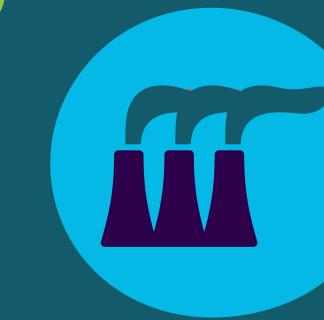
and Sustainability

Energy-related CO² emissions are down while total global GHG emissions have risen 0.6% in 2019



COVID-19 led to the largest reduction of GHG emissions since WWII with global emissions expected to be down 8% during 2020

Even in Europe, the most advanced region in terms of climate change, current policies and measures fall well short of long-term decarbonization objectives and the 1.5-2° scenario identified by the International Energy Agency (IEA)



Key Stats

Europe Total CO² emissions: 3,330 Mt Share of renewables in electricity mix: 23%

U.S.

Total CO² emissions: 5117.77 Mt

Share of renewables: 6.2%

CO² emissions: 9,825 Mt

Canada

Total CO² emissions: 588 Mt Share of renewables: 4%

Australia

Total CO² emissions: 532 MtCO₂ -e Share of renewables in electricity mix: 24%

India

CO² emissions: 2,480.4 Mt Share of renewables: 3,6%

Energy demand slowed in 2019, but emissions continued to grow.

+0.7% Energy demand 2019

+2.8% Energy demand in 2018

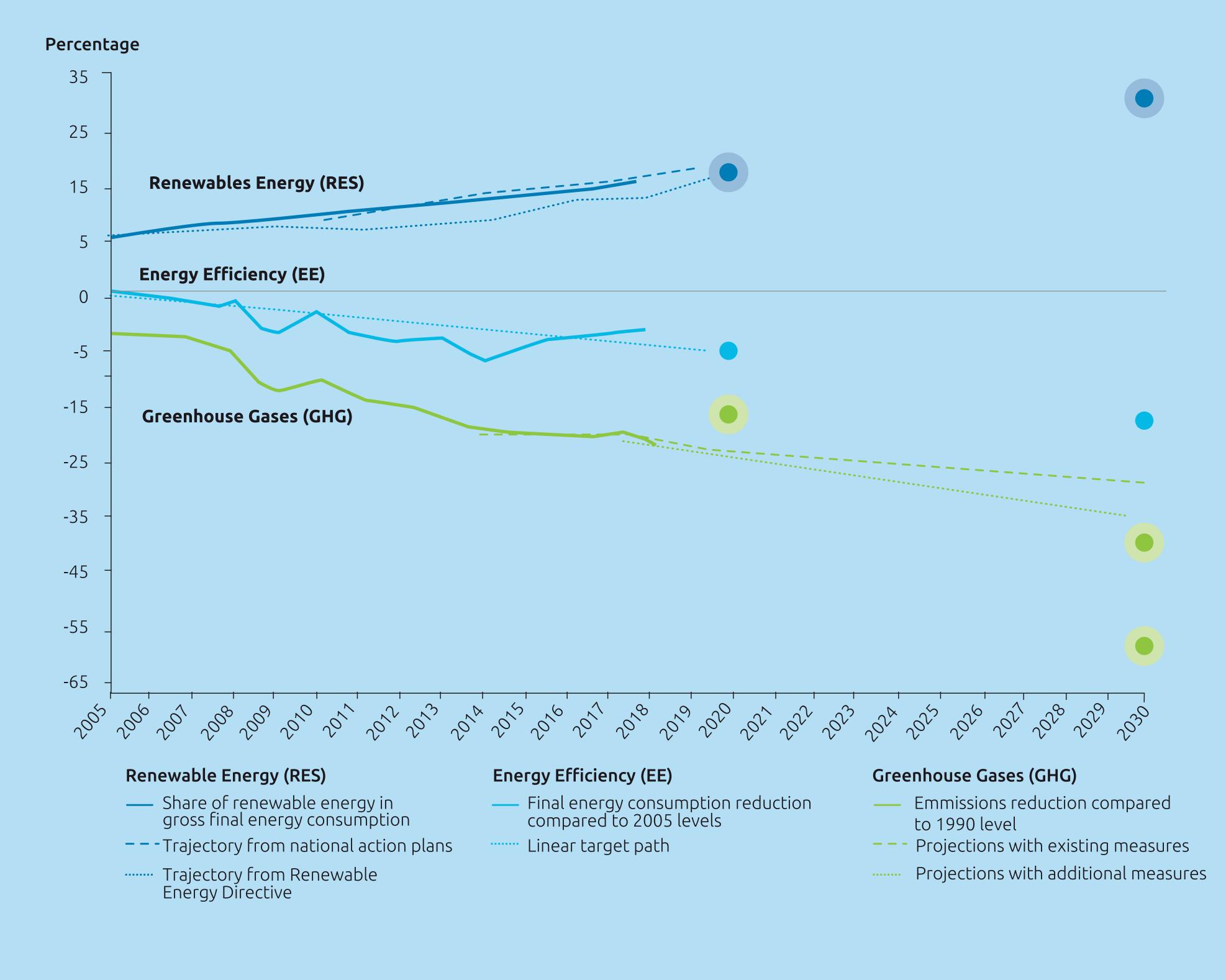
+0.6% **GHG Emissions** historic peak

Projected GHG emissions reduction during 2020 due to COVID-19 However, the decrease is unsustainable. Emissions

will likely rise as the world recovers from the pandemic.

Achieving long-term climate targets

Europe achieved 2 out of 3 of its 2020 climate change targets but will fall short of 2030 goals. Buildings renovation is at the heart of the EU strategy but results and commitments remain insufficient.

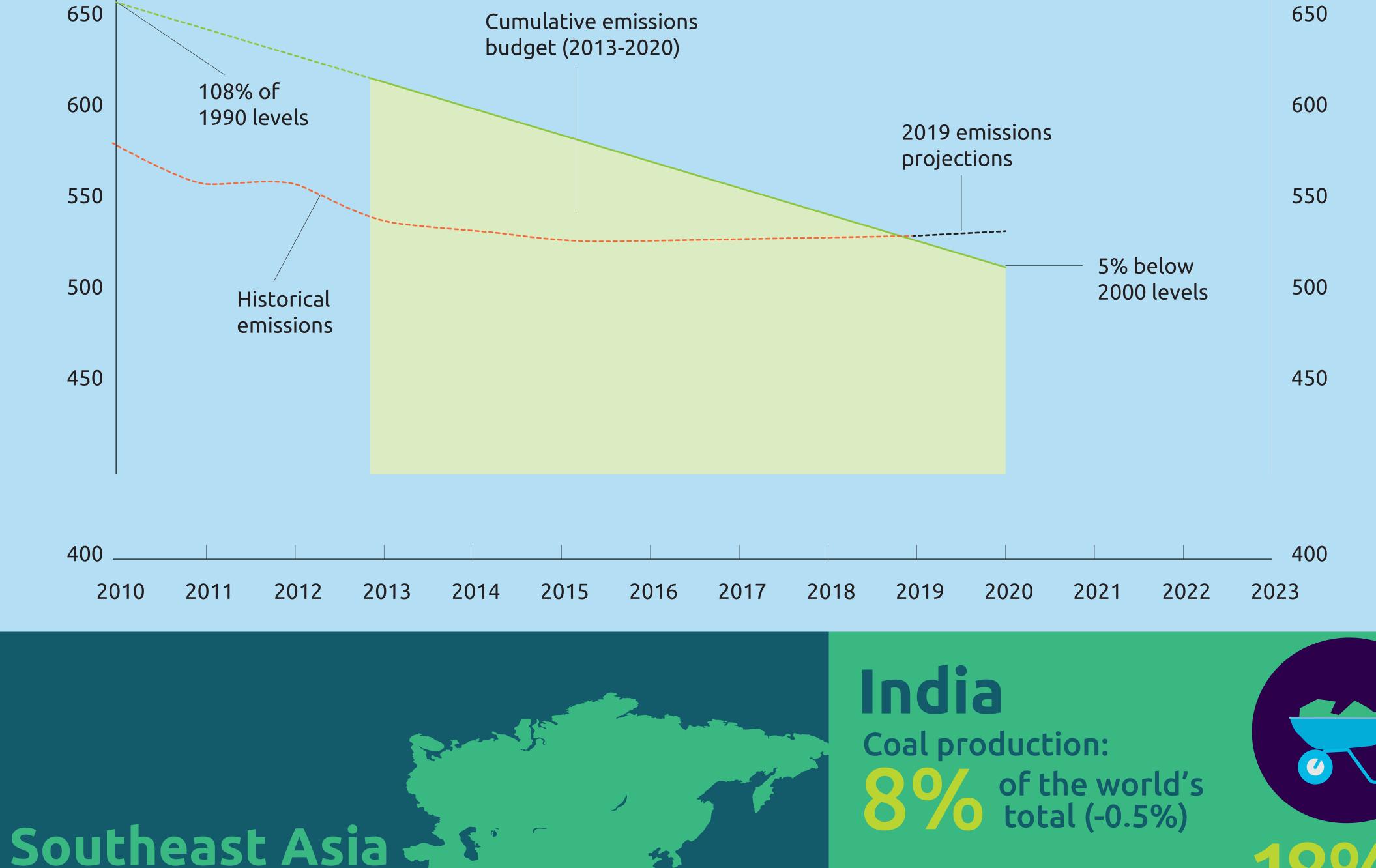


its 2025 goal of a 26-28% reduction in emissions set in the Paris Agreement. In 2019, Australia met its 2020 renewable energy target of 23.5% and 33 terawatt-hours (TWh), though achievement of 2020 and 2030 emission reduction

reduction in emissions by the end of 2020. The country is even further away from

The U.S. is at a serious risk of missing its Copenhagen Accord target of a 17%

targets remains unclear. Mt CO₂-e Mt CO₂-e 700 700



source of energy and power, leading to high GHG emissions. Southeast Asian countries' share of global GHG in 2019 **≈50%** Southeast Asian countries' share of global CO² emissions by 2040

is highly vulnerable to

proportion of the

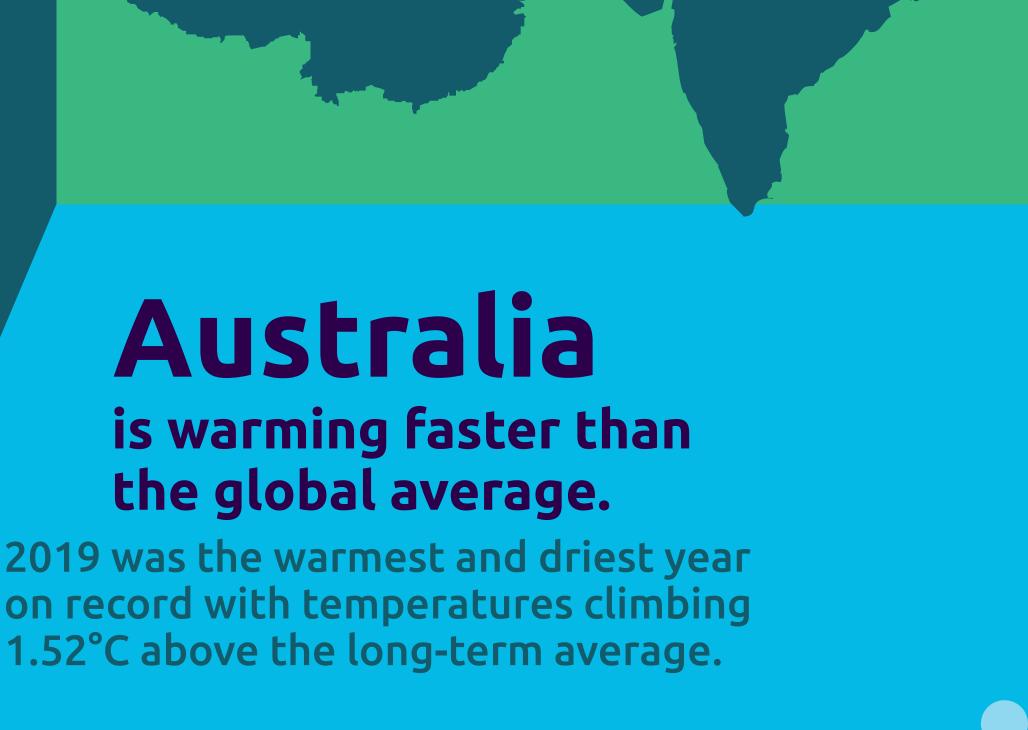
climate change as a large

population uses coal as a

Coal consumption: of the world's total (+0.3%) Coal production:

of the world's total (+4.2%)

of the world's total (+2.3%)



Coal consumption:

30 years in Australia. -2.9% Emissions from the electricity sector

In 2019, emissions per capita,

as well as emissions intensity,

reached their lowest levels in

-4.3% reduction in coal generation +10% increase in renewables



emissions reduction.

Canada Canada revised its anticipated emissions for 2030 to be 227Mt below the rate projected in 2015 an unprecedented level of







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The World Energy Markets Observatory (WEMO) is Capgemini's annual thought leadership and research report that tracks the development and

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